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Code No:	DM670	
Lot No:	022CC02	
Size:	200 µl (40 mini-gel lanes)	
Storage:	4 °C	
Stability:	12 months at 4 $^{\circ}C$	
Storage Buffer:	50 mM Tris-HCl (pH6.8), Urea, SDS, Glycerol, EDTA	

# Product Name: DynaMarker Protein MultiColor Stable, Low Range

### Description

<sup>DynaMarker</sup> Protein MultiColor Stable, Low Range is a pre-stained protein molecular weight marker. The marker is supplied in gel loading buffer for direct loading onto SDS-PAGE without heating or adding reducing agents. It is easy to start electrophoresis since the marker can be stored and stable at 4 °C in a liquid state. The marker consists of seven prestained protein standards, Blue, Red, Green and Purple, ranging in appropriate molecular weight from 2 kDa to 46 kDa. The marker is suitable for monitoring gel electrophoresis and electrophoretic transfer onto membranes. The protein concentrations are optimized to give uniform band intensities.

_	– Ovalbumin	
-	— Carbonic Anhydrase	
-	— Trypsin Inhibitor	
-	— Lysozyme	
	— Aprotinin	
-	<ul> <li>Insulin, B chain</li> </ul>	
	- Bacitracin	Electrophoresis profile of DynaMarker Protein MultiColor
		Stable, Low Range (5 $\mu l)$ on 16% polyacrylamide (3 % C)
		Gel / Tris-Tricine-SDS as running buffer.

### Protocol

- 1. Take the marker out of refrigerator.
- 2. Load 5 µl for mini-gels or more for large size gels.
- 3. Load your samples.
- 4. Start electrophoresis.

Note: There is no need to heat or add reducing agents.

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Protein	Color	Apparent molecular weight (kDa) *
Dvalbumin	Blue	46.3
Carbonic Anhydrase	Red	30.8
Trypsin Inhibitor	Blue	22.6
Lysozyme	Blue	17.0
Aprotinin	Green	8.7
nsline, B chain	Blue	3.9
Bacitracin	Purple	1.7

### Contents

**Note:** As covalently bound dye affects protein mobility, each batch of our prestained protein marker is calibrated against unstained standards. A prestained protein marker should be used for approximate molecular weight determination. For precise molecular weight determination, you should use an unstained molecular weight marker.

\*: The apparent molecular weight values are lot specific.

### **Recommended usage**

<sup>DynaMarker</sup> Protein MultiColor Stable, Low Range is suitable for monitoring low molecular weight protein on polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis using Tris-Tricine-SDS as running buffer <sup>(1)</sup>, and for monitoring electrophoretic transfer.

One example is shown below:

#### •Detection of β-Amyloid (1-42)

### 1) Electrophoresis

### 1-1) Preparation of reagents <sup>(2)</sup>

•Acrylamide-Bis stock solution (T:49.5%, C:3%)

Acrylamide	48 g
Bis-acrylamide	1.5 g
dH <sub>2</sub> O	to 100 mL

### $\cdot 3 \times$ Gel buffer

3 M Tris-HCl (pH8.45), 0.3 % SDS

 $\cdot 10 \times$  Anode buffer

1.0 M Tris-HCl (pH8.9)

•10×Cathode buffer

1.0 M Tris, 1.0 M Tricine, 1.0 M SDS (pH adjustment is not necessary)



### •4×Sample buffer

150 mM Tris-HCl (pH7.0), 12 % SDS, 6 % mercaptoethanol, 30 % Glycerol, 0.05 % CBB

# 1-2) Preparation of 16 % polyacrylamide (3 % C) Gel

Prepare the 16 % separating gel solution according to the following table and pour the gel solution into the mold of a vertical gel apparatus. The separating gel is overlaid with several drops of water and left until polymerized adequately, and then the overlaid water was replaced by a 4 % stacking gel.

	4 % stacking gel	16 % separating gel
Acrylamid-Bis stock solution	1 ml	10 ml
3× Gel buffer	3 ml	10 ml
Glycerol	_	2.4 ml
dH <sub>2</sub> O	8 ml	7.6 ml
10 % APS	90 µl	100 µl
TEMED	9 µl	10 µl

## 1-3) Sample preparation

Prepare the protein sample according to the following table.

Protein sample	15 µl
4× Sample buffer	5 µl
	20 µl

Heat at 95°C for 5 min, and then put the tube on ice.

# 1-4) Electrophoresis of the protein samples and <sup>DynaMarker</sup> Protein MultiColor Stable, Low Range.

Set the Polymerized acrylamide gel in the electrophoresis apparatus, then pour the  $1 \times$  Anode buffer and  $1 \times$  Cathode buffer. Load the protein sample and 5 µl of <sup>DynaMarker</sup> MultiColor Stable, Low Range into a well and run the gel at 100–200 V.

### 2) Transfer onto membrane

### 2-1) Preparation of reagents

- Transfer buffer (Towbin buffer)
  - 25 mM Tris, 192 mM Glycine, 20 % MeOH
- Nitrocellulose membrane (0.2 µm pore size).

**Note:** Transfer efficiency differs depending on the type of membranes and buffers, because the physical properties of small molecule proteins greatly vary depending on kinds of proteins.

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# 2-2) Semi-dry transfer

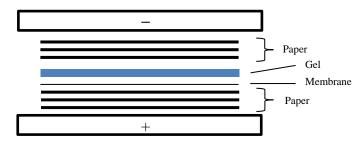


Figure 1, Semi-dry transfer

- 2-2-1) Prepare six sheets of blotting paper and a sheet of nitrocellulose membrane.
- 2-2-2) Soak the blotting paper and nitrocellulose membrane with transfer buffer for 10 min.
- 2-2-3) Place the three sheets of blotting paper on the anode platform of the transfer cell.
- 2-2-4) Place the membrane on top of the blotting paper.
- 2-2-5) Transfer the gel from the glass plate to the top of the membrane and press out any air bubbles.(\*It is important to make sure that there are no air bubbles between the membrane and the gel.)
- 2-2-6) Place the other three sheets of blotting paper onto the gel and set the cathode assembly.
- 2-2-7) Transfer for 60 min at 2 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 2-2-8) After ensuring the marker has transferred successfully onto the membrane, remove the membrane from apparatus.
- 2-2-9) Rinse the membrane in PBS buffer.

## 3) Detection

- 3-1) Boil the membrane for a few minutes (3 $\sim$ 5 min.) in PBS buffer <sup>(3)</sup>
- 3-2) Block with TBS based protein free blocking agent (e.g. Pierce® Protein-Free T20 (TBS) Blocking Buffer\*) for 1 hr
- 3-3) Wash 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T(0.05% Tween20)
- 3-4) Incubate with anti  $\beta\text{-}Amyloid$  antibody (mouse monoclonal) overnight at 4  $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 3-5) Wash 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T(0.05% Tween20)
- 3-6) Incubate with biotinylated anti mouse IgG antibody for 1 hr at room temperature.
- 3-7) Wash 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T(0.05% Tween20)
- 3-8) Incubate with VECTASTAIN Elite ABC Standard kit\*\*

(Please refer to the manual.)

- 3-9) Wash 3 times for 5 min in TBS-T(0.05% Tween20)
- 3-10) Stain with DAB Peroxidase substrate kit\*\*\*.

(Please refer to the manual.)

\*: Pierce Protein-Free T20 (TBS) Blocking Buffer is a product of Thermo Fisher scientific, Inc.

\*\*: VECTASTAIN Elite ABC Standard kit is a product of Vector laboratories, Inc.



\*\*\*: DAB peroxidase substrate kit is a product of Vector laboratories, Inc.

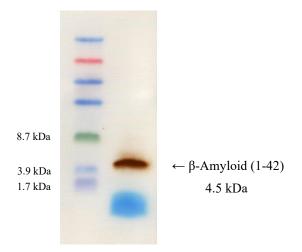


Figure 2, Detection of  $\beta$ -Amyloid (1-42)

## Reference

(1) Hermann schägger and Gebhard Von Jagow. Tricine-Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate-Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis for the Separation of Proteins in the Range from 1 to 100 kDa. *Anal. Biochem.* 166, 368-379 (1987).

(2) Hermann schägger. Tricine-SDS-PAGE. Nature Protocols. 1, 16-22 (2006)

(3) Nobuo Ida, et.al. Analysis of Heterogeneous βA4 Peptide in Human Cerebrospinal Fluid and Blood by

a Newly Developed Sensitive Western Blot Assay. J. Biol. Chem. 271, 22908-22914 (1996)

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